

REPORT DOCUMENTATION PAGE

Form Approved
OMB No. 0704-0188

Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 1 hour per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. Send comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden, to Washington Headquarters Services, Directorate for Information Operations and Reports, 1215 Jefferson Davis Highway, Suite 1204, Arlington, VA 22202-4302, and to the Office of Management and Budget, Paperwork Reduction Project (0704-0188), Washington, DC 20503.

1. AGENCY USE ONLY (Leave blank)	2. REPORT DATE	3. REPORT TYPE AND DATES COVERED	
	July 10, 1995	Final Report, 10/91 to 12/94	
4. TITLE AND SUBTITLE		5. FUNDING NUMBERS	
Multiple Scattering Study Using Supercomputers		DAAL03-91-G-0339	
6. AUTHOR(S)			
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7. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION NAME(S) AND ADDRESS(ES)		8. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION REPORT NUMBER	
Dept. Elec. Comp. Engr. University of Illinois 1406, W. Green Street Urbana, IL 61801-2991			
9. SPONSORING/MONITORING AGENCY NAME(S) AND ADDRESS(ES)		10. SPONSORING/MONITORING AGENCY REPORT NUMBER	
U.S. Army Research Office P.O. Box 12211 Research Triangle Park, NC 27709-2211		ARO 29205.6 -65	
11. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES The views, opinions and/or findings contained in this report are those of the author(s) and should not be construed as an official Department of the Army position, policy, or decision, unless so designated by other documentation.			
12a. DISTRIBUTION/AVAILABILITY STATEMENT		12b. DISTRIBUTION CODE	
Approved for public release; distribution unlimited.			
13. ABSTRACT (Maximum 200 words)		19951101 084	
<p>This report summarizes our study of multiple scattering using supercomputers. Our emphasis has been on using fast algorithms to solve such a class of problem so that the memory requirements and computational complexity are reduced compared to conventional methods. We have developed several algorithms to achieve this end. These include nested equivalence principle algorithm (NEPAL), BCG-FFT algorithm, BCG-FFT T-matrix algorithm, the multilevel fast multipole algorithm (MLFMA), and the fast far field approximation algorithm (FAFFA). All these algorithms account for multiple scattering effect within a volumetric scatterer or a surface scatterer with reduced computational complexity and memory requirements. Using BCG-FFT T-matrix algorithm, we have solve multiple scattering problem involving 10,000 particles on a SUN SPARC 10 workstation.</p>			
DTIC QUALITY INSPECTED 8			
14. SUBJECT TERMS		15. NUMBER OF PAGES	
Electromagnetics, multiple scattering, fast algorithms		4	
		16. PRICE CODE	
17. SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF REPORT	18. SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF THIS PAGE	19. SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF ABSTRACT	20. LIMITATION OF ABSTRACT
UNCLASSIFIED	UNCLASSIFIED	UNCLASSIFIED	UL

MULTIPLE SCATTERING STUDY USING SUPERCOMPUTERS

FINAL REPORT

W.C. Chew

July 9, 1995

U. S. ARMY RESEARCH OFFICE

CONTRACT/GRANT NUMBER: DAAL03-91-G-0339

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A. STATEMENT OF THE PROBLEM STUDIED

We propose to study multiple scattering effect using supercomputers. This will be accompanied by development of new and novel algorithms to solve such problems. These algorithms will have reduced memory requirements and computational complexity so that larger problems could be solved on present day computers within a shorter turn around time.

B. SUMMARY OF THE MOST IMPORTANT RESULTS

Our finding is that for small particles compared to wavelengths, the traditional method of calculating the extinction coefficient using the QCA-CP is reasonable. However, to date, we have not been able to confirm this for larger particles.

In addition to the above, we have developed several novel fast algorithms for solving multiple scattering effects. These include the nested equivalence principle algorithm (NEPAL), BCG-FFT algorithm, the BCG-FFT T-matrix algorithms, the multilevel fast multipole algorithm, and the fast far field approximation algorithm. All these algorithms can account for multiple scattering effect within a volumetric scatterer or a surface scatterer with reduced computational complexity, and memory requirements.

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